

The concerns of a surveillance state within a market economy

A brief overview of critical points

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Incentive dictates: The market creates an environment where privacy should be important.

Mass surveillance is the future

Whether you like it or not, mass surveillance is the future. It's not hard to foresee a civilization where the word *privacy* has been stricken from the dictionary entirely.

The use of surveillance is not only the rational next step in the exponential development of our technology, moving us toward a larger synergistic system, but is also a double edged sword. Imagine a [world](#) where everyone's role is assigned by a central system, based on one's aptitudes and behaviors, allowing individuals to always arrive at the best possible position in society, insuring their happiness and feeling of usefulness.



Sounds like a utopia? Thats because it is (not).

It is culture that will make the decision on how we use this newly available, and fast advancing technology. Only time will tell. Similar to the discovery of nuclear fission, which can both end up being used as an energy source or as a weapon of mass destruction.

The market

It is widely [understood](#), that the world's monetary market system could be encapsulated by 3 core rules or values.

Monetary Market System – Gaming Logic

- Labor for income → ...
- Value Retention → ...
- **Self-Maximization → Corrupted use of data**

With respect to privacy, self maximization increasingly generates an environment where, by means of gaining access to a real time stream of your life, the end goal is to control your thoughts and ultimately your purchasing habits and political inclinations.

So the issue with privacy is not so much the topic itself, but how knowing about someone's secrets within the market's incentive structure, immediately creating the possibility of taking advantage of that knowledge, only to advance one's own agenda, hurting the person or groups involved, creates fear and, quite frankly conditions us to becoming cautious of what people know about us.

A look at where we are today

Currently we are only at the beginning of extensive technologies being [deployed](#) and tested. Dumb, advertisement driven software such as targeted ads or emails are what can clog our lives. And even with the bulk data collection of massive amounts of the population happening rapidly, algorithms have not yet been developed to fully analyze and make use of such massive amounts of data. How do I know? We would be living in a dystopia already, that's how.

"The game is no longer about sending you a mail order catalogue or even about targeting online advertising. The game is selling access to the real-time flow of your daily life —your reality— in order to directly influence and modify your behavior for profit." [Source](#)

Sure, we have the manipulation of the media and social networks, which can be remarkably effective at altering people's opinions, we have massive [city-wide](#) surveillance systems and we have [Windows 10](#). But these are all only poking at what many in the field are seeing as massive, yet untapped, potential. It's important to understand, that it is only a matter of time, before big data will start yielding very effective results for the establishment.

Open Source and Alternative Options

Given the worsening surveillance reality today, it is important to consider alternative forms of communication. Many popular services offer breathtaking analysis of our personality and general psychology, and present it in a constant flow of information, documenting our lives. This makes choosing the right services a very important task.

Encryption plays a vital role here, but so does the availability and creditability of its source code. Open source, aside from being a generally better strategy for software development, intrinsically offers peer review of its code by any third party or individual. Open source communication standards and software are hence the bedrock to look for when considering privacy and security.

"Free software is a matter of liberty, not price. To understand the concept, you should think of 'free' as in free speech, not as in free beer." — Richard M. Stallman

Telegram

[Telegram](#) has proprietary server back-end, however its client is open source and licensed under GPLv3. It is run by Pavel Durov, an anti establishment Russian political asylum seeker. The entire development team are kept mobile at all times, never staying anywhere for more than 6 Months. Telegram uses its own spun cryptography which is available for free review online. Over of \$100k has been paid out in rewards for improving their cryptography. Durov has made commitments to not sell any personal data or hand over access to servers. All communication is encrypted, but runs over Telegram's servers, however end to end encryption, which does not pass over the telegram servers, is available for mobile. Because of its comparatively large userbase, ease of installation, many rich features and multi platform support, I strongly recommend telegram as the bare minimum service used.

- Open Source Client (GPLv3)
 - Proprietary server side
 - Uses own, peer reviewed crypto *MTPROTO*
 - IM Service (no VoIP or Video)
 - Supports large file sizes (up to 1.5GB per file)
 - Almost every platform and many interfaces supported
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Mumble

[Mumble](#) functions similar to Teamspeak, but is open source, highly encrypted by default and available on nearly every platform.

"Mumble is an open source, low-latency, high quality voice chat software primarily intended for use while gaming."

- Open Source (New BSD License)
 - End to End encrypted (TLS using 256 bit AES-SHA)
 - Very low latency oriented
 - Can host your own server
 - Many platforms and interfaces supported
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Epilogue

There are many other subjects to cover when dealing with privacy, including using a VPN, Email, your [Operating System](#) and many, many more. This page is simply to give you an idea of what the discussion is about, give you a few tools and align you on the right path to further your understanding. I do not think there is a simple one-step answer or solution to this topic, but awareness and simple, but effective, measures are still important.

The idea behind including this on my contact page, besides offering an explanation as to why I use certain services, was to make you perhaps question what you are currently using and at least try an alternative.

But I don't *care* about privacy, I have nothing to hide

"Arguing that you don't care about the right to privacy because you have nothing to hide is no different than saying you don't care about free speech because you have nothing to say."
— Edward Snowden

But likely the most difficult topic on this matter will lie with your personal cognitive dissonance toward the subject discussed above. It is up to you to not only protect your personal freedoms and privacy, but also contribute to protecting the existence of that right to begin with.